

# Mathematical Probability (Math 6383)

FINAL EXAM. May 7, 2008.

Instructions: this is a take-home test. It is to be turned in on May 14. Each problem is worth 20 pt, parts of a problem having equal weights. Please, write legibly and substantiate your argument.

1. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be random variables on a probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbf{P})$ . Prove that the set  $\{\omega \in \Omega : X(\omega) = Y(\omega)\}$  is an element of  $\mathcal{F}$ .
2. Suppose  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent random variables. Show that if  $X$  and  $X + Y$  are identically distributed, then  $Y = 0$  a.s. (Hint: look at characteristic functions.)
3. Suppose  $X_1, X_2, \dots$  are i.i.d. lognormal random variables. Prove that the  $(\prod_{i=1}^n X_i)^{1/n}$  converge a.s. and identify the limit in terms of the distribution of the  $X_i$ . (Hint. Take log )
4. Let  $X_i, i = 1, 2, \dots$ , be independent with  $\mathbf{E}X_i = 0$  and  $\mathbf{E}X_i^2 = 1$ . Introduce  $Y_m = \sum_{n=1}^m X_n/n$ . Show the  $Y_m$  converge in probability. (Hint. Show that it is a Cauchy sequence in  $L^2(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbf{P})$ . Use completeness arguments to deduce convergence in  $L^2(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbf{P})$ .)
5. Let  $X_i, i = 1, 2, \dots$ , be independent  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ -random variables and  $\mathcal{F}_n$  denote the  $\sigma$ -algebra generated by  $X_1, \dots, X_n$ . Let  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ . Prove that  $(\exp(\lambda \sum_{i=1}^n X_i - \lambda n\mu - (\lambda^2/2)n\sigma^2))_{n \geq 0}$  is a martingale relative to  $(\mathcal{F}_n)_{n \geq 0}$ .